

general nationality:

british transport

purpose: type:

tanker

propulsion:

steamer

date built:

1895

details

weight (tons): 4778

dimensions:

114,4 x 14,6 x -- m triple expansion engine

engine: power:

speed:

about the loss

cause lost:

date lost: 21/04/1917 [dd/mm/yyyy]

casualties:

about people builder:

torpedo

Grav William & Co., Ltd., West Hartlepool (Sunderland)

owner: Anglo-Saxon Petroleum

Co. Ltd., London

Allen Tony

01/09/2007

51°16'0<u>X</u>" N

cantain:

about the wreck depth:

protected:

war grave:

<u>updates</u>

entered by:

entered:

last update: Vleggeert Nico

last update: 16/10/2009

Position

latitude:

Vleggeert Nico 16/10/2009

014°00'0<u>X</u>" W longitude:

1'=60" division:

remarks: Position is P

add position to my marks Position is PA.

show neighbour, wrecks: members only

check AIS

insert new position

The Wreck today

insert wrecksite info

Pictures



Vleggeert Nico 16/10/2009

copyrights: Unknown - onbekend - inconnu ref. used: www.helderline.nl



insert new picture

History

Allen Tony 01/09/2007

Telena SS was a British Merchant steamer of 4778grt. On the 21st April 1917 when 170 miles WNW from Fastnet she was torpedoed by German submarine U-61 and sunk. Vessel was on route from Philadelphia to Queenstown. She was owned by the Anglo-Saxon Petroleum Co, London.

insert new history

Documents insert new document



Hartlepool (Sunderland)
William Gray and Company of Central

Marine Engineering Works, West Hartlepool, was a shipbuilding firm from 1874-1963. They were the largest firm of shipbuilders in the Hartlepools and also lasted longer than any other local shipbuilding firm. For a hundred years the company ensured the towns' prosperity by giving jobs to thousands of local people. - - - -William Gray and Co always maintained its

reputation for being in the vanguard of technological and technical innovation. company regularly topped the output for British shipyards in the last decade of the nineteenth and early 20th century. Between 1883 and 1887 the yard expanded through the acquisition one ten acre site (Central) and a three berth shipyard (Jackson). Towards the end of the 19th

century, demand was for bigger ships which could carry more cargo. This led to the opening, in 1887, of another Gray shipyard at the end of the Central Dock. In 1890 William Gray was

knighted. He was active in the civil life of Hartlepool having been the first mayor of West Hartlepool among many other achievements. In 1896 Matthew Gray died in 1896, followed two years later by both Sir William Gray, and Thomas

Mudd. This left Sir William's younger son, William Cresswell Gray, as Chairman of the company. In 1898 Sir William Gray died. His surviving son William Cresswell Gray became director of the yards. During WWI output was 30 cargo-liners and tramps built to private order, 13 vessels built to Admiralty order and 30 standard "WAR" tramps built for the Shipping Controller. King

George V and Queen Mary visited the yard to boost morale. The yard had a 100-ton hammer head crane which was a Hartlepool landmark until it was demolished in the 1960s. The Company went into voluntary liquidation in 1962. The various yards were either acquired, auctioned or demolished in 1963.



